

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894.

Intimations.

DAKIN, CRUCKSHANK & COMPANY, LIMITED.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED
A CONSIGNMENT OF

ILFORD DRY PLATES,

4, 4, 1/4, 10/8, 12/10,
and are offering the same at popular prices.

SENSITIZED ALBUMENIZED PAPER,

3 pl. in tins.

CHEAP AND RELIABLE.

DAKIN, CRUCKSHANK & CO., LTD.,
VIC FIRMA DISPENSARY,
HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 15th October, 1894. 13

THE HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

OUR LATEST NOVELTY.

A SAMPLE POCKET FLASK.

SUITABLE for TRAVELLERS or for PICNIC, LAUNCH or SHOOTING PARTIES has just been received and may be obtained filled with any of our WINES or SPIRITS at our price.

PASSENGERS by STEAMERS will find it INVALUABLE on the voyage when refreshments are needed or they are suffering from SEA-SICKNESS after the hair is closed.

The FLASK is well made and finished, and when enameled will be worth keeping for domestic use. It can be readily adapted for a feeding bottle; will prove useful to carry milk or other nourishment for Children; or Tea, Coffee, Soups or other Fluid nourishment in tinfoil baskets.

THESE SAMPLE FLASKS can be obtained filled at the following prices each:—

P O R T . B-60 cents. C-65 cents. D-80 cents.

S H I E R R Y . B-45 cents. C-50 cents. D-60 cents.

B R A N D Y . A-60 cents. B-65 cents. C-80 cents.

B R A N D Y . D-140 cents. E-170 cents.

W H I S K Y . B-45 cents. D-60 cents. E-65 cents.

I R I S H W H I S K Y . A-50 cents. C-70 cents.

B O U R B O N . 60 cents.

J A M A I C A R U M . 60 cents.

A - G I N . 35 cents.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 15th October, 1894.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIBERS TO "THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" ARE MOST RESPECTFULLY REMINDED THAT ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE.

BIRTH.
At Shanghai, on the 2nd instant, the wife of H. A. COLLINS, of 15,000.

MARRIAGES.

At Shanghai, on the 24th October, by the Rev. Peter Colborn, S.J., at the residence of his brother-in-law, Alfred F. Hopkins, Esq., Commissioner of Imperial Maritime Customs, FLORENCE MARY, only daughter of the late William George and Elizabeth Read, of Belvedere Hill, Baltimore, Md., U.S.A., to S. EDMUND BERTON, youngest son of the late S. Ottewell Berton, of Lordship Park, Stoke Newington, London.

At Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, on the 27th of October, 1894, by the Rev. H. C. Hodges, M.A., ALEXANDER BYRNE, eldest son of the late William Rodie Greaves, of Liverpool, to CONSTANCE EVELYN, daughter of William Gibbs, Esq., Birrington.

At Shanghai, on the 1st of November, at the Cathedral, by the Rev. H. C. Hodges, M.A., ANDREW A. CRAWFORD, of Shanghai, to EDITH AUGUST, elder daughter of C. M. Bucherer, Esq., Edinburgh.

DEATHS.

At Newchwang, on the 25th October, 1894, in his 22nd year, DAVID O'SHEA, Imperial Maritime Captain.

At Shanghai, on the 27th of October, 1894, David M. JOHNSTON, aged 37 years.

At Ningpo, on the 31st October, CHARLES S. KILOUR, constable of Her Britannic Majesty's Consulate.

At Shanghai, on the 1st of November, 1894, Ernest WENHAM, aged 51 years.

At 8, Wootton Road, Shanghai, on the 2nd of November, 1894, HENRY ALEXANDER DALY-R-O, aged 36 years.

At Shanghai, on the 2nd of November, 1894, ALFRED PALMQUIST (late Lower-Yangtze Pilot), aged 46 years.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894.

TELEGRAMS.

THE CHINA-JAPAN WAR.

General Sanjo's troops, defeated at Fengtien, now occupy the mountain pass on the road to Peking. The Japanese are endeavouring to turn the position.

ANARCHIST OUTRAGE.

A bomb exploded in front of Sir Reginald Brett's house in Mayfair, smashing in the front door and all the windows; no one was injured. It is believed that the bomb was intended for the adjoining house, the residence of Justice Sir Henry Hawkswell, who has lately sentenced several Anarchists to terms of imprisonment.

OBITUARY.

John Walter, chief proprietor of the *Times*.

(Special from N. C. Daily News native correspondent.)

VON HANNEMAN CALLED TO AUDIENCE.

TIENTSIN, October 20th. Inspector-General von Hannemken, having received a secret edict, has started for an audience with the Throne, as his Imperial Majesty is anxious to learn from the General's own lips the actual state of the army and navy and Peiping defences. General von Hannemken will also take this opportunity to present his Master's consideration a memorial advising a number of urgently needed reforms in the armies and navies of the whole Empire.

A FOOTBALL match, under Rugby rules, was played at the Happy Valley this afternoon between teams representing the Hongkong Football Club and H.M.S. *Undaunted*. After a close game the Club proved victorious by one goal to nothing. Anton secured the try, and Lansdale succeeded in getting the leather between the posts.

A TELEGRAM is said to have been received in Shanghai from Sinochow on the night of the 3rd ulto, confirming the report of the sealing up of the extensive grounds in that city, known as the "Liu-wan Gardens," the property of Siede Tantai, of Tientsin. It is also reported that the father of Sheng Taotai has gone up to Peking post-haste.

A SECRET decree is stated to have been received from Peking allowing General Liu Yung-fo, the veteran Chief of the "Black Flags" and now Assistant Imperial Police Commissioner of Defence, to remain in Formosa instead of starting for Tientsin in order to place himself under the orders of the Viceroy Li Hung-chang, as was first intended by the Central Government at Peking.

• • • OWING to lack of space a detailed report of the recent Shanghai Races and other important news from the North have unavoidably to be held over until to-morrow.

THE U.S.S. *Concord* left Shanghai for Chinkiang on the 3rd inst.

A RUSSIAN squadron is reported by telegram to have arrived at Chefoo on the 28th ulto.

MR. A. HOSK, recently acting British Consul at Wuhan, has been transferred to Newchwang.

A CONCERT will given in the Theatre Royal on the 17th Inst. Vide ad in another column.

WORK on the Shan-sikium railway is reported to have been virtually stopped owing to want of funds.

A LARGE fire in Ningpo city on the 24th ulto, is reported to have destroyed over a hundred houses.

THE SALE of Manila lottery tickets has been specially prohibited in Wuhan by order of the Viceroy.

We are informed by the Agents of the Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co. that the Company's steamer *Perseus* left Singapore this afternoon for Peking.

THE latest news from the seat of war, says our Shanghai morning contemporary of the 3rd inst, is that there are no Japanese on the Liangtung Promontory, or anywhere near Port Arthur but that the second Army Corps has landed at Takuhsien, at the mouth of the Watau-ke, to the west of the Yalu, with the intention of taking the Chinese force defending Funghuang-cheng between two fires. This confirms the special information published in the *Hongkong Telegraph* days ago.

SAYS THE N. C. DAILY NEWS.—The *Tsofan* left Chinkiang on the 24th instant for Swatow with rice for the starving thousands of Chinese who were unable to pay the high price demanded by the rice merchants, and when the vessel was still some var's from the wharf, the natives rushed on board to discharge the rice. The decks were so full of wrangling natives that considerable difficulty was experienced in making the ship fast. As soon as the discharging commenced in earnest, the cargo was put out in twelve hours. The *Tsoufan*'s cargo consisted of 33,000 piculs of rice.

NOW STANDING ON THE COAST OF CHINA.

FROM the *Chesoo Express* of October 29th we learn that the men-of-war is at port at that date were the British *Centurion*, *Leander*, *Severn*, and *Eland*, the French *Bayard* and *Lion*, the German *Aarona*, *Alexandria*, and *Marta*, and the Russian *Korysta*. The *Aarona* returned on the 29th from a cruise to Weihaiwei, Port Arthur, and Yingyang, but found everything quiet at these three places. Several gentlemen having visited the Chinese men-of-war in Weihaiwei declare that the ship has been well repaired and are fit to fight another battle.—Admiral Fremantle returned to the *Alacrity* on the 27th from his trip to Taku, Newchwang and Weihaiwei, and the *Alacrity* went out cruising again the same night.—An Association football match took place at Chefoo on the 27th, which was won by the latter by four goals to one.—A cricket match was played at Newchwang on the 27th ulto, between H.M.S. *Alert* and *Flower*. The latter won in first rate made 166 runs; the *Alert* then went in and made 123, the *Flower* profited during the 20 minutes—His lordship—in a \$100 junk you make \$300 profit every season?

His lordship.—Why didn't the junk sink?

Witness.—Because she won't.

Witness, continuing, stated that owing to the collision he lost two nets worth \$150 each, his junk cost \$500, 30 piculs of salt worth 30 cents a picul, 30 piculs of fish worth about \$75, 30 net poles at \$1.50 each, and masts, sails, &c., worth \$2 a day. His profits during the fishing season—10 months in a year—were \$2,000 a year.

His lordship.—In a \$100 junk you make \$300 profit every season?

Witness.—Yes.

Cross-examined.—Did not about or make any signal until the *Kwong-ho* was about 10 fms away. Saw the red light but didn't anticipate any collision. The *Kwong-ho* watch should call the master up when a steamer is approaching. Was anchored in same spot on the Monday night prior to the collision. At 8 o'clock the *Kwong-ho* passed witness' vessel about a mile and half away to the seaward. The junk was four or five years old, and the lantern referred to was part of her outfit.

The evidence of several members of the junk's crew was that the led and the bearing adjourned till 10:30 a.m. to Newchwang.

An advertisement connected with the Special Plague Fund will be found in another part of this issue.

H.M.S. *Firebrand* left Shanghai for Newchwang on the 29th October, and the *Porpoise* proceeded to sea the same day.

THE INSURANCE COMPANIES in Shanghai have raised the rate for risks on the contents of native houses to 4 per cent.

SHAO YU-LIEN, Governor of Formosa, arrived at Shanghai from Tamsui by the steamer *Smith* on the 2nd inst.

A KONG paper bears that negotiations for the purchase of the Spanish steamer *Salvadora* by the Japanese will be 'all through.'

THE CHINESE fleet is again at sea. A steamer that arrived in Shanghai on the 2nd inst. reported that two Japanese men-of-war were chased by the Chinese fleet, but that the latter apparently considering the two vessels were only decoys did not continue the pursuit after passing the North East Flotilla.

TELEGRAPHIC despatches, according to the N. C. Daily News, were received in Shanghai from the North on October 27th to the effect that the 25th, at noon, 30,000 Japanese troops crossed the Yalu and made a reconnaissance in force against the Chinese troops at Chihli-cheng, while another division, number 8,000 men, which had crossed the Yalu at Ke-ho, in Korean territory, some seventy miles east of Yichow, entered Chin-a-territory at a place called Yungting, and debouching north-west, attacked the division guarding the eastern defences of Chihli-cheng. After several hours' fighting, in which several hundred were killed on both sides, the enemy withdrew from the attack and encamped about seven miles away from the Chinese lines of entrenchment. In the meantime General Sung, the Command-in-Chief, who was then at Chihli-cheng, loyalty and ably supported by his own corps—the Yi division, and the divisions of Generals Nieh, Kung-tsing, Ma-yikun, Ma-chih-cheng and Li, had telegraphed to the General commanding Fung-huangs-cheng, about twenty miles to the north-west of Chihli-cheng, to despatch at once 15,000 men to make a *défense* and attack the Japanese forces on the right bank. Further fighting was expected almost at once.

THE Chinese fleet is again at sea. A steamer that arrived in Shanghai on the 2nd inst. reported that two Japanese men-of-war were chased by the Chinese fleet, but that the latter apparently considering the two vessels were only decoys did not continue the pursuit after passing the North East Flotilla.

TELEGRAPHIC despatches, according to the N. C. Daily News, were received in Shanghai from the North on October 27th to the effect that the 25th, at noon, 30,000 Japanese troops crossed the Yalu and made a reconnaissance in force against the Chinese troops at Chihli-cheng, while another division, number 8,000 men, which had crossed the Yalu at Ke-ho, in Korean territory, some seventy miles east of Yichow, entered Chin-a-territory at a place called Yungting, and debouching north-west, attacked the division guarding the eastern defences of Chihli-cheng. After several hours' fighting, in which several hundred were killed on both sides, the enemy withdrew from the attack and encamped about seven miles away from the Chinese lines of entrenchment. In the meantime General Sung, the Command-in-Chief, who was then at Chihli-cheng, loyalty and ably supported by his own corps—the Yi division, and the divisions of Generals Nieh, Kung-tsing, Ma-yikun, Ma-chih-cheng and Li, had telegraphed to the General commanding Fung-huangs-cheng, about twenty miles to the north-west of Chihli-cheng, to despatch at once 15,000 men to make a *défense* and attack the Japanese forces on the right bank. Further fighting was expected almost at once.

THE CHINESE fleet is again at sea. A steamer that arrived in Shanghai on the 2nd inst. reported that two Japanese men-of-war were chased by the Chinese fleet, but that the latter apparently considering the two vessels were only decoys did not continue the pursuit after passing the North East Flotilla.

TELEGRAPHIC despatches, according to the N. C. Daily News, were received in Shanghai from the North on October 27th to the effect that the 25th, at noon, 30,000 Japanese troops crossed the Yalu and made a reconnaissance in force against the Chinese troops at Chihli-cheng, while another division, number 8,000 men, which had crossed the Yalu at Ke-ho, in Korean territory, some seventy miles east of Yichow, entered Chin-a-territory at a place called Yungting, and debouching north-west, attacked the division guarding the eastern defences of Chihli-cheng. After several hours' fighting, in which several hundred were killed on both sides, the enemy withdrew from the attack and encamped about seven miles away from the Chinese lines of entrenchment. In the meantime General Sung, the Command-in-Chief, who was then at Chihli-cheng, loyalty and ably supported by his own corps—the Yi division, and the divisions of Generals Nieh, Kung-tsing, Ma-yikun, Ma-chih-cheng and Li, had telegraphed to the General commanding Fung-huangs-cheng, about twenty miles to the north-west of Chihli-cheng, to despatch at once 15,000 men to make a *défense* and attack the Japanese forces on the right bank. Further fighting was expected almost at once.

THE CHINESE fleet is again at sea. A steamer that arrived in Shanghai on the 2nd inst. reported that two Japanese men-of-war were chased by the Chinese fleet, but that the latter apparently considering the two vessels were only decoys did not continue the pursuit after passing the North East Flotilla.

TELEGRAPHIC despatches, according to the N. C. Daily News, were received in Shanghai from the North on October 27th to the effect that the 25th, at noon, 30,000 Japanese troops crossed the Yalu and made a reconnaissance in force against the Chinese troops at Chihli-cheng, while another division, number 8,000 men, which had crossed the Yalu at Ke-ho, in Korean territory, some seventy miles east of Yichow, entered Chin-a-territory at a place called Yungting, and debouching north-west, attacked the division guarding the eastern defences of Chihli-cheng. After several hours' fighting, in which several hundred were killed on both sides, the enemy withdrew from the attack and encamped about seven miles away from the Chinese lines of entrenchment. In the meantime General Sung, the Command-in-Chief, who was then at Chihli-cheng, loyalty and ably supported by his own corps—the Yi division, and the divisions of Generals Nieh, Kung-tsing, Ma-yikun, Ma-chih-cheng and Li, had telegraphed to the General commanding Fung-huangs-cheng, about twenty miles to the north-west of Chihli-cheng, to despatch at once 15,000 men to make a *défense* and attack the Japanese forces on the right bank. Further fighting was expected almost at once.

THE CHINESE fleet is again at sea. A steamer that arrived in Shanghai on the 2nd inst. reported that two Japanese men-of-war were chased by the Chinese fleet, but that the latter apparently considering the two vessels were only decoys did not continue the pursuit after passing the North East Flotilla.

TELEGRAPHIC despatches, according to the N. C. Daily News, were received in Shanghai from the North on October 27th to the effect that the 25th, at noon, 30,000 Japanese troops crossed the Yalu and made a reconnaissance in force against the Chinese troops at Chihli-cheng, while another division, number 8,000 men, which had crossed the Yalu

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894.

absolute necessity, and this was effected in 1890 when a new outbreak was had made like disaster imminent. Yet this was before the vast trade of Australasia had come into existence, and when our trade with the East was but a trifling compared with its present great proportion."

"The Bay of Diego Suarez" is indubitably a French possession, and France can do as she likes therein. But it will suffice for Great Britain to veto France extending the boundaries of the territory (one mile and a half from the shore) included in the treaty-phrase "Bay." That no intervention is of all importance to not only neutrality of British trade, but also to British Colonies in and adjacent to the Indian Ocean, is shown by, as in previous letters I have mentioned, at least five splendid harbours on the western side of the northern peninsula of Madagascar being but one to four miles distant from the boundaries of the Bay of Diego Suarez" on the east.

"Thus the continuous increase of the French population at Diego Suarez becomes to British interests in the East a matter for the greatest alarm, and makes it an imperative necessity that the Madagascar Question shall be included in the Anglo-French discussion on the irritating African Questions in dispute between the two nations. An inclusion which, if requested by the British Foreign Office, France could not refuse, the most important of the claims put forward by the Republic being based on the Anglo-French Convention of 1890 of which the recognition of some of her pretensions over Madagascar was part and parcel.

Yours truly,
E. HARVEY,
Editor of *Madagascar News*.

NEWS BY THE AUSTRALIAN MAIL.

The Eastern and Australian Co.'s steamship *Catterthorn* Capt. N. Shannon, from Sydney and ports arrived in harbour last evening. For the sum of £100 we are indebted to our Colonial exchanges:-

LONDON, October 6th.
A somewhat sensational incident occurred during the visit of the Duke of York to Leeds yesterday. A man rushed to the carriage of the Prince and hurriedly opened the door, but the Lancers who formed the escort dashed the man's hands with their swords, and he released his hold. The police found the man was a lunatic, and that he had no weapon in his possession. He merely wished to shake hands' with the Prince.

The two men, Taylor and Woodward, charged in connection with the Regent's Park tragedy, were held in court again to-day, and remanded for a week. The police stated that the mystery concerning the wounding of three men, in connection with which Taylor and Woodward are charged, remains unsolved.

October 8th.

A tragedy of a most brutal character is reported from Paris. Three ruffians were fighting in the street earlv on Sunday morning. Upon the approach of a policeman one of the disorderly characters requested the officer to avert the other two on a charge of assault. The policeman arrested the two, and asked the third to accompany them to the police station. The four proceeded in the direction of the station, and upon arriving at the door the policeman was murdered in a brutal manner. The man who had given the other two in charge suddenly grabbed the hilt of the policeman's sword, drew the weapon from its scabbard, and stabbed the officer three times in rapid succession, the sword penetrating his body and inflicting wounds of such a terrible nature as to cause almost instant death. The murderer has been arrested.

PARIS, October 8th.

The race for the Prix du Conseil Municipal was run at Paris to-day. The attendance was very large, amongst those present being M. Casimir-Périer, President of the Republic, and Mme. Pichot. The race resulted as follows:-

PRIX DU CONSEIL MUNICIPAL.

Mr. W. Johnstone's *le Rêve Man*, by Ormonde or Melon-Wedlock, aged

Mr. A. Aïtelle's *le Calistrat*, by Cambyses—Cirrouelle, 3 yrs.....

Mr. Flipo's, ch. ch. Fl-en-Qutre—Fate, 3 yrs.

The victory of *le Rêve Man* was very popular, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

MELBOURNE, October 8th.

Mrs. Herdle has been condemned to death. A Cabinet meeting is to be held to-morrow to finally consider her case.

LONDON, October 9th.

A shocking railway accident has occurred at Kent. A wagon in which a number of hop-pickers were proceeding to work was crossing the railway line when a train dashed into the vehicle. Six of the occupants of the wagon were killed on the spot, and nine others were seriously injured. The remains of the victims were strewn along the line for some distance, and presented a shocking spectacle. Of the accident there was a dense fog, and the driver of the wagon was consequently unable to observe the approaching train.

ADELAIDE, October 10th.

The steamer *Redondo* bound from Adelaide to Western Australia, went ashore on Pollack Reel, in Isarite Bay, at 2 o'clock on Saturday morning, and became a total wreck. Four of the passengers were drowned through jumping overboard during a panic. The remainder, 160 souls in all, were saved—the majority being rescued by a schooner named the *Grace Darling*. It is supposed that a big steel boiler on deck affected the steamer's compass.

LONDON, October 11th.

Mr. Henderson, the British Consul at Cadiz, Spain, committed suicide yesterday evening in a waiting-room attached to the Foreign Office by shooting himself in the head with a revolver. When discovered Mr. Henderson was still alive, and was removed to the hospital, where he died shortly after admission.

SYDNEY, October 11th.

The strike in the printing trade in Sydney still continues.

MELBOURNE, October 11th.

In Melbourne on Tuesday, a bootmaker named Morrison had a quarrel with his wife and battered her to death with an iron cast. Morrison has been arrested.

Dr. Macarthur, Dean of Melbourne, died on Monday, ninety-six years of age. He was appointed Dean of Melbourne as far back as 1852, and held the position up to the date of his death.

BRISBANE, October 11th.

The Queen's prize in connection with the annual prize meeting of the Queensland Rifle Association has been won by Corporal J. Bradley, of the Queensland Volunteer Rifles, who won it last year. The champion match was by Sergeant J. S. McPherson of the Queensland Scottish Volunteers.

LONDON, October 11th.

One of the terrible periodical storms has occurred off the coast of Newfoundland, causing great havoc among the fishing boats on the banks. Sixteen of the boats founded, involving a loss of two hundred lives.

A skin disease hitherto unknown has broken out in the London workhouses. It is proving of a more fatal character than scarlet fever, over five hundred cases having ended fatally since the outbreak of the disease a little more than two months ago.

October 12th.

The Council of the Royal Colonial Institute passed a resolution of condolence to the family of the late Sir A. Stephen.

Herr Leest, German official, who was charged with ordering flogging to native women at Cameroons, West Africa, has been convicted and sentenced to only a nominal punishment. The leniency of the court is causing a great outcry.

The Potomac Railway train, in the United States, has been bailed up by a party of desperadoes, who got away with over £10,000 thousand pounds in cash, besides other plunder.

SYDNEY, October 12th.

The death of Sir Alfred Stephens, Chief Justice of New South Wales, occurred on Monday last. Deceased was 92 years of age.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

BIRMINGHAM, October 12th.

A Queensland jury has acquitted Needham, a unionist charged with having taken part in burning a woolshed at Redcliffe station recently. In the case of the prisoners committed for trial on a charge of burning Redcliffe woolshed, a bill was filed against Waters and Gorman. The other accused, Needham, was tried at Charters Towers and acquitted.

SYDNEY, October 13th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The funeral of the late Sir Alfred Stephens took place in Sydney, and although of a private character, there was a very large and representative gathering.

A fire broke out on board the steamer *Mararoa*, while in dock at Port Chalmers, and is believed to be the work of an incendiary. The foreman of the fire brigade died while attending the fire.

LONDON, October 13th.

Stoddert's cricketing team now on the way to Australia has played a match against eighteen at Colombo. The Englishmen put together 76 against their opponents' 58, thus only permitting one of their innings each.

France takes all whom it may concern that she is about to establish a complete protectorate over the island of Madagascar. France has been preparing to take this decisive step for some time past, and the capital city and all the principal harbours are strongly garrisoned with French troops.

October 14th.

Charles Donaldson, the champion Scotch wrestler, met McElroy in a catch-as-catch-can match last evening for a purse of £100 and the championship of Great Britain. The men were well matched and the bout was highly exciting. McElroy won.

ST. JOHNS, NFd., October 14th.

St. Pierre, the French colony on the south coast of Newfoundland, was visited by a terrific gale last night, which caused the loss of at least two lives and unprecedented damage to shipping. More than fifty vessels which were anchored in the roadstead were driven ashore and most of them were destroyed. Their crews escaped only by the merest chance. A fleet of more than three hundred French fishing vessels had arrived at St. Pierre within a few days, having been compelled to make port in consequence of damages sustained in the gale on the Sunday before last, which raged furiously on the Sunday evening. All the vessels report serious losses. Several ships are missing and are believed to have foundered, with the loss of two hundred lives.

LONDON, October 14th.

The *Morning Post* will publish to-morrow a leader on "British Naval Movements in the East." In its discussion of imperial defence, it says: "The colonies hold aloof from Great Britain and are content to look on while the mother country pays premiums for their insurance policies. The time has come for a change. We would not do the Colonies the injustice of supposing they would refuse to share the expense of the Navy's coaling stations. If they were asked, we are surprised that not a single colony has offered to do so. This being so, the imperial authorities must take the initiative. It is clearly the duty of the Government to summon a conference of delegates from Australia, Canada and Cape to discuss with the War Office and Admiralty some partnership scheme having a sound commercial basis."

Premier Turner, of Victoria, Australia, has issued a manifesto concerning the new imperialist policy. He pledges himself to the principle of "one adult, one vote," and promises a royal commission to consider the question of founding a State bank of Victoria. He will introduce a State bank of Victoria. He will propose the taxation of unimproved lands and absent landlords, and will propose a temporary income tax to be paid by persons whose incomes are not otherwise taxed. He will support imperial federation.

It is stated upon high Vatican authority that the Pope said to Monsignor Gravel that his encyclical letter dealing with the affairs of the church in the United States was designed to put an end to opposition in America to the apostolic delegation. During his conversation with Monsignor Gravel, His Holiness exclaimed repeatedly: "It must be ended."

The Pope's audience with Senor Castellar lasted an hour and a half. His Holiness was very cordial. Senor Castellar thanked the Pope for his democratic and social teachings, and the Pope congratulated the Spanish statesman upon his provisional adhesion to the Spanish monarchy as an act of political prudence.

A Johannesburg dispatch says the Kaffirs have captured part of the town of Lurensburg Marques. The same dispatch announces the safe arrival at Pretoria of Mr. C. Rhodes, Premier of the colony, and Major Jameson, of the British South African Company, for whose safety much anxiety was felt.

The French ship *Alce* was sunk in a collision in the river Scheldt to-day with the Swedish ship *Fader*. Six of the crew of the *Alce* were drowned.

The new starting machine was used throughout the Caulfield meeting with every satisfaction.

The death sentence on Mrs. Needle was duly carried out yesterday, the murderer meeting her fate with the same squalid which has characterized her demeanour all through the trial.

LONDON, October 15th.

A terrible cartridge explosion has occurred in the magazine at Rio de Janeiro. It was being cleared by a party of soldiers with a view to the reception of stores. Sixty of these were killed outright.

NEWS BY THE CANADIAN MAIL.

The Canadian Pacific Co.'s steamship *Empress of India*, Capt. O. P. Marshall, R.N.R., with the Canadian mail of October 13th, arrived from Vancouver, via Japanese ports of call and Shanghai, to-day. We are indebted to our Vancouver exchanges for the following telegram:

LONDON, October 15th.

Advices report that serious fighting has occurred in the Congo State between Belgians and Arabs. One story has it that after fierce fighting the Arabs agreed to a proposal for a conference made by the Belgians. Shortly after the conference was opened the Arab powder magazine exploded, and, on the side of the Belgians, the battle was renewed. The Arabs were completely surrounded and most of them killed. Over thirty chiefs were slain.

NEW YORK, October 15th.

George Gould arrived on the steamer *New York* to-day. He said he was well treated while abroad and added: "Let there be no mistake about it that I was treated with every courtesy by the Prince of Wales." He declared the *Vigilant* and crew were well treated. With reference to P't Draper running the *Vigilant* on the shoals, he said he believed it was due to the fact that Draper was ignorant of the shoals. The English press, he said, treated him well. He believed the *Vigilant* was superior to any English boat in the open sea.

LODOCK, October 15th.

That the question of independent labour representation in Parliament, which formed the principal topic of contention at the recent trade union congress at Norwich, is now regarded as a most serious factor in all parts of the country, but more especially in the metropolis, where

politicans are closely watching every new move of the independent labour party, is demonstrated by the unusual interest taken in the report of Tom Mann, general secretary of the Independent Labour Party, which was made public to-day. Concerning the progress of the movement toward placing independent labour representatives in the House of Commons, the report says: "The special campaign in the metropolitan area has been much more successful than the most sanguine anticipated, the crowded and practically unanimous meetings are recently held being an agreeable contrast to some of the earlier ones. Inside of three months we shall have twenty-five branches in the London district, and several parliamentary candidates will have been fixed upon. The power to run candidates at the recurring bye-elections depends largely upon the financial condition of the independent labour party's exchequer. The whole organization rests upon the workers' pence; it will be a great pity, if, when opportunities occur to run a candidate, the movement should be checked for lack of funds. The mission of the labour party is to educate the public up to the knowledge that Socialism has a direct bearing upon all questions connected with the freedom and uplifting of the masses. Labour is now entering every arena of national and political warfare. At last London is taking the lead in movement seriously."

NY, October 15th.

CORNET and Fitzsimmons faced each other at the *Herald* office to-day for the purpose of making a match. Fitzsimmons was the first to arrive. When Corbett entered he saluted Fitzsimmons with "How are you, Fitz?" The salutation was returned. Corbett asked Glori, Fitzsimmons' manager, to show the colour of his money and Glori immediately displayed £1,000. Corbett then showed a roll of £1,000 and told Glori to cover it when he pleased, but added that the fight could not take place until after July 1st. This was somewhat disappointing to Fitzsimmons, but it was agreed that the fight take place after July 1st. Then came the question of where the fight would take place. Representatives of a number of clubs were present. The Jackonville Club offered £1,000 and the Olympic £1,000 for the fight. Corbett smiled at the last offer, and said there should be some guarantee when such a purse should be paid. The representatives of the club then offered to put up £1,000 which Corbett said was not enough. The Olympic club's offer was rejected, its managers not being able to put up a forfeit, and the offer of £1,000 from the Jacksonville club was accepted.

PARIS, October 15th.

In the case of the prisoners committed for trial on a charge of burning Redcliffe woolshed, a bill was filed against Waters and Gorman. The other accused, Needham, was tried at Charters Towers and acquitted.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

BIRMINGHAM, October 15th.

The death of Sir Alfred Stephens, Chief Justice of New South Wales, occurred on Monday last. Deceased was 92 years of age.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from 15 months to 2 years.

The trial of unionist shearers at Broken Hill has resulted in six of the accused being found guilty of rioting. Sentence was deferred.

SYDNEY, October 15th.

The men charged with rioting at Wellmington and attacking the free labourers, were sentenced at Dubbo, New South Wales, yesterday, to terms of hard labour ranging from

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1894.

The Share Market.

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

BANKS.
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—go per cent.,
prev., sales and buyers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—on £800,
paid up,—\$21, sellers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—Founders'
shares, nominal.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—
nominal.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—
Founders' shares—\$21, buyers.
CHINESE LOANS.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1886 £—11 per cent.
premium.

MARINE INSURANCES.

Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$125 per
share, buyers.
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$61 per
share, sellers.
North China Insurance—Tls. 175 per share,
buyers.
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$144 per
share, sellers.
Yankee Insurance Association—\$75, buyers.
Gen'l Life Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 15
per share.
The Straits Insurance Co., Ltd.—\$168 per share,
sellers.

FIRE INSURANCES.

Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$180 per
share, sellers.
China Fire Insurance Company—\$75 per share,
sellers.
The Straits Fire Insurance Co., Ltd., \$191 per
share, buyers.

SHIPPING.

Hongkong Canton, and Marco Steamboat Co.—
\$42 per share, sales and sellers.
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—\$65,
buyers.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—
\$10, sellers.
Dowell, Steamer Co.—\$46, buyers.
China Mutual Shippers Co., Ltd.—(Preference)—
\$10, sellers, nominal.
China Mutual Shippers Co., Ltd.—(Ordinary)—
\$1 per share, nominal.

REFINERIES.

China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$148
per share, sellers.
Lung Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$48,
sellers.

MINING.

Pearl Mining Co.—(Ordinary)—\$4 per share,
sales and buyers.
Pangai Mining Co.—(Preference)—\$1.60 per
share, buyers.
The South Gold Mining Co., Limited—\$400 per
share, sellers.
The New Balaclava Gold Mining Co., Limited—
\$100, sellers.
Societe Financiere des Charbonnages du Tonkin
150 per share, sales and buyers.
The J. J. McLean and Trading Co., Limited—
\$400 per share.

DOCKS, WHARVES AND GODOWNS.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$78
per cent premium, sellers.
Geo. Louck & Co., Limited—\$19 per share,
sellers.
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown
Company—\$17 per share, sellers.
Wardai Warehouse Co., Ltd.—\$40 per share,
sellers.

HOTELS.

Hongkong Hotel Company—\$8 per share,
buyers.
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures
nominal.
The Mandarin Hotel Co., Limited—nominal.
LANDS AND BUILDING.
The Standard Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$100 per share, buyers.
The Standard Land Investment Co., Limited—
\$100 per share, buyers.
The Standard Building Co., Limited—\$20
per share, sellers.
Hongkong Land and Finance Co., Ltd.—\$14
per share, sellers.

DISPENSARIES.

A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$10, buyers.
Dakin, Christian & Co., Limited—\$14 per
share, buyers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Hongkong Daily News Co., Limited—\$5 per
share, sellers.
H. G. Brown's Co., Limited—\$3 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Rice Manufacturing Company,
Limited—\$10 per share, sales and buyers.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$25 per share, buyers.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$28 per share, sellers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—
\$40 per share, sellers.

EXCHANGE.

On LONDON—Bank, T. T., 2/12
Bank Bills, on demand 2/12
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 2/12
Credits at 4 months' sight 2/12
Documentary Bills, at 4 months'
sight 2/12
On PARIS—
Bank Bills, on demand 2.66
Credits, at 4 months' sight 2.72
On INDIA—
T. T. 190¹
On Demand 191
On SHANGHAI—
Bank, T. T. 73¹
Private, 10 days' sight 74¹
Sovereigns (Bank's buying rate). 80.25
Silver (per oz.) 29¹

Post Office.

A MAIL WILL CLOSE—

For Holloway, Pakhoi, and Haliphong.—Per
Picciola to-morrow, the 7th instant, at 10.30 A.M.
For Yokohama and Higo.—Per Frigga to-
morrow, the 7th instant, at 4.30 P.M.
For Shanghai.—Per Nanyang to-morrow, the
7th instant, at 1.30 P.M.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT THE PEAK HOTEL.

Mr. M. G. Allen. Mr. J. E. Macrae.
Mr. T. de Berney. Mr. Morton Jones.
Miss de Berney. Mr. Medhurst.
Mr. J. A. E. Chudet. Capt. and Mrs. Moore.
Mr. R. Chenoweth. Mr. C. Nielsen.
Miss Cox. Mr. J. L. Prosser.
Mr. H. Combe. Mr. Sandilands.
Mr. R. P. Dipple. Mr. and Mrs. Sansom.
Mr. J. P. Dowling. Mr. F. H. Slagbey.
Mr. D. Quarshawn. Mr. & Mrs. A. Findlay.
Mr. J. Hansen. Smith and family.
Mr. W. S. Harrison. Capt. & Mrs. Stockham.
Mr. John J. Hear. Mr. A. G. Stokes.
Mr. Geo. Holmes. Rev. and Mrs. Vallance.
Mrs. G. Holmes. Capt. Geo. Vivian.
Sugar—Order.

VISITORS AT THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

(Continued)

Mr. L. S. Adelstein. Mr. R. Lyall.
Mr. T. D. Alcroft. Mr. Hugh MacCallum.
Mr. W. L. Alcroft. Mr. W. MacGillivray.
Mr. H. T. Alcroft. Mr. J. MacNeil & violet.
Miss N. Bailey. Mr. J. McCullagh.
Mr. C. S. Barth. Miss McWilliam.
Fev. S. A. Bayley, M.A. Mr. J. McWilliams.
Mr. W. Blayney. Mr. T. Mitchell.
Mr. & Mrs. Bellington. Mr. E. W. Penfield.
Miss Bellington. Mr. R. A. Peters.
Mr. F. Horneback. Mrs. Phillips.
Miss M. Burkam. Mr. E. S. Platt.
Miss C. T. Burkam. Miss E. Platt.
Miss E. S. Burman. Mr. J. Proctor.
Captain & Mrs. Combe. Mr. S. Rech.
and child. Mr. and Mrs. Richards.
Miss E. R. Cottrell. Miss G. S. Richards.
Captain R. Crawford. Miss H. S. Richards.
Mr. W. B. Crocker. Mr. J. H. Richards.
Mr. S. A. Crozer & violet. Mr. G. Robinson.
Mr. R. H. Douglas. Dr. R. C. Roby.
Mr. W. A. Duff. Mr. M. L. Roux.
Mr. C. N. Edison. Mr. R. E. Ryde.
Mr. & Mrs. G. Eldred. Mr. H. T. Saiford.
Mr. A. Elmore. Dr. H. Schroder.
Mr. and Mrs. Everson. Captain and Mrs. Neil
Shannon. Mr. F. E. Shean.
Mr. R. Sleman. Mr. G. Goffey.
Mr. G. Garland. Mr. C. Stephan.
Mr. B. T. Goepfert. Mr. F. Stewart.
Mr. and Mrs. Goffey. Mr. John Stewart.
Captain Groome. Mr. C. J. Strome and 2
children. Miss Strome.
Mr. L. Taro. Mr. W. Taylor.
Mr. H. A. S. Thompson. Mr. F. Wahiba.
Mr. & Mrs. G. Harmston. Mr. F. W. White.
Mr. F. W. Hartson. Miss L. G. White.
Mr. A. Harper. Mr. K. Widmer.
Mr. C. H. S. Harris. Mr. E. Willkom.
Mr. J. Killha. Mrs. Carnegie Williams.
Mr. J. Kirkwood. Miss F. S. Lee.
Mr. R. Lov. Dr. Zwinstein.

Shipping.

ARRIVALS.

FREE, Danish steamer, 397, C. L. Strand, 5th
Nov.—Pahoi and Nov., and Hoitow 4th,
General—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
MACHEW, British steamer, 995, Geo. Anderson,
6th Nov.—Bangkok 26th Oct., and Koh-
si-chang 2nd, Wood and Rice—Scottish
Oriental Co.
ROSTAVIA, British steamer, 2,039, G. W.
Brown, R.N.R., 6th Nov.—Shanghai 3rd
Nov., Malls and General—P. & O. S.
N. Co.
GLUCKSBURG, German steamer, 925, Thomsen,
6th Nov.—Shanghai 3rd Nov., General—
C. M. S. N. Co.
EMPEROR OF INDIA, British steamer, 3,003, O.
P. Marshall, R.N.R., 6th Nov.—Vancouver
15th Oct., via Yokohama, Kobe, Nagasaki,
and Shanghai 4th Nov., General—Canadian
Pacific Railway Co.
TAISAN, British steamer, 1,505, H. W. Hogg,
6th November.—Shanghai 2nd November,
and Swatow 5th, General—Jardine, Mathes-
on & Co.

CLEARANCES AT THE HAPPCUR OFFICE.

SUGARHANA, American ship, for New York.
Kiel, German steamer, for Shanghai.
FREI, Danish steamer, for Pakhoi.
Hand, French steamer, for Hoitow, &c.
Orono, British steamer, for Shanghai, &c.
Victoria, British steamer, for Shanghai, &c.
Bendell, British steamer, for Nagasaki, &c.
Thales, British steamer, for Swatow, &c.
Arraton Apac, British str., for Singapore, &c.
Cheangchou, British steamer, for Amoy.

DEPARTURES.

November 5. Rohilla, British str., for Shanghai.
November 6. Pahoi, British steamer, for Amoy.
November 6. Haltan, British str., for Swatow.
November 6. Progress, German steamer, for
Newchow.
November 6. Bentomond, British steamer, for
Singapore and New York.
November 6. Hand, French str., for Hoitow, &c.
November 6. Tatchang, German steamer, for
Swatow, &c.
November 6. Arraton Apac, British steamer,
for Singapore, &c.
November 6. Bendell, British str., for Nagasaki.
November 6. Orono, British str., for Shanghai.
November 6, Kiel, German str., for Shanghai.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Rosetta, from Shanghai for Hongkong.—
Mrs. Joseph, 2 children, 2 amhs and servant,
Mrs. Vance Messy, Lung Pak Lum and servant,
Yang Sheng and servant, Ng Fung Sam and
servant, A. S. Manners and servant, W.
MacGlashan and servant, and a Chinese, from
Yokohama.—Mr. P. S. Keeler, from Shanghai
for Peiping.—Messrs. Ting Yang Wo, Chia Fook
Choy, Ma Yu San, and R. French and servant,
For London.—Mr. and Mrs. T. E. S. Botham,
Messrs. D. Smith, A. H. Alers, and P. Riach,
Per Empress of India, from Vancouver, &c.
Per Rosetta, from Shanghai for Hongkong.—
Mrs. Joseph, 2 children, 2 amhs and servant,
Mrs. Vance Messy, Lung Pak Lum and servant,
Yang Sheng and servant, Ng Fung Sam and
servant, A. S. Manners and servant, W.
MacGlashan and servant, and a Chinese, from
Yokohama.—Mr. P. S. Keeler, from Shanghai
for Peiping.—Messrs. Ting Yang Wo, Chia Fook
Choy, Ma Yu San, and R. French and servant,
For London.—Mr. and Mrs. T. E. S. Botham,
Messrs. D. Smith, A. H. Alers, and P. Riach,

IF YOU WANT GOOD BREAD



AND TAKE NO OTHER.

HONGKONG TIMBER YARD, WANCHAI.

REGON PINE SPARS AND LUMBER Always in Hand.

L. MALLORY,
Hongkong, 24th June, 1894. [723]

DENTISTRY.

R. J. SAKATA (from Japan),
Mr. SUI SANG,
DENTAL SURGEON,
55, Queen's Road Central.

First Class Dentistry and Moderate Fees.

Consultation Free.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1894.

S I E N T I N G.

SURGEON DENTIST,
No. 10, DAGUILLAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE,

Consultation free.

Hongkong, 27th September, 1894. [724]

DENTISTRY.

FIRST CLASS WORKMANSHIP

AND
MODERATE FEES.

M. R. WONG TAI FONG,

Surgeon Dentist,

Recently appointed to Dr. Roberts,

HAS REMOVED

TO

THE BANK BUILDINGS,

Queen's Road,

(Opposite the Law Courts).

CONSULTATION FEES

Reasonable.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1894. [725]

NOTICE.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS

COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEYE'S WOOD PRESERVER OF

ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Underwriters have this day been

appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale

of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and

are prepared to supply quantities to our

purchasers at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special

terms for Cleaning and Large Orders.

Sir Robert Rawlinson, C.B., C.M., Chief

Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board,

London, says

"It is the best Disinfectant in the

World."

W. G. HUMPHRIES & Co.,

Book Publishers,

Hongkong, 1st June, 1894. [726]

NOTICE.

JEYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS

COMPANY, LIMITED.

JEYE'S WOOD PRESERVER OF

ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Underwriters have this day been

appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale

of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and

are prepared to supply quantities to our

purchasers at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special

terms for Cleaning and Large Orders.